

MANIFESTO 2014

FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT



STEEL IS EUROPEAN... THAT'S HOW IT SHOULD REMAIN

REBALANCING EU POLICY – FOR INDUSTRIAL GROWTH, INNOVATION, JOBS AND SOCIAL WELFARE

IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT STEEL IS MADE IN EUROPE

STEEL MADE IN EUROPE IS...

... the foundation of Europe's economy and its major value chains, such as automotive, construction, mechanical engineering, domestic appliances, and low carbon energies

... indispensible for Europe's skills base, innovation, resource efficiency, environment protection, employment and growth, and thus Europe's ability to compete in the global race





1 500 000

supply chain jobs, dependent on steel made in Europe





170 000 000

tonnes of steel produced each year



170 000 000 000 €

turnover = 1.4 % of the FU's GDP



recyclable, endlessly, a permanent material



25%

reduction in CO₂ emissions from EU steelmaking since



of a wind tower



tonnes of CO₂ savings per year by 2030 due to innovative steel applications

EUROPEAN STEEL IS UNDER THREAT TODAY...

20% jobs lost since 2007

20% drop in production levels

200% industrial electricity prices in the EU compared with the US

1 300% industrial gas prices in the EU compared with the US



CREATING AN INDUSTRIAL MUSEUM OF EUROPE

STEEL IS EVERYWHERE IN OUR DAILY LIVES

- No spoon without steel No cooking without steel
- ▶ No house without steel No shelter without steel
- ▶ No car, no train, no plane without steel No mobility without steel
- ▶ No wind tower without steel No climate friendly energy without steel



NO INNOVATION, NO PROSPERITY WITHOUT EUROPEAN STEEL



KEEP IT IN THE HEART OF EUROPE'S PEOPLE AND AS THE BASE OF EUROPE'S ECONOMY

IF YOU WANT TO KEEP THE BACKBONE OF INDUSTRY IN EUROPE, WE NEED...

- 1. A rebalancing of the EU's industrial, energy and climate policies climate objectives, industrial growth and jobs are compatible
- 2. Less bureaucratic burdens; instead, incentives for industrial investment
- 3. Competitive energy prices for the steel industry. No unilateral increase of carbon and energy prices through policies in Europe
- 4. Technically and economically achievable climate targets for steel
- 5. Urgent reform of the EU Emissions Trading Scheme. For globally competing sectors, at the level of most efficient installations, legislation needs to secure that there are neither shortages in free CO, permits nor CO, costs passed through in electricity prices
- Member States need to exempt industry from de-cabornisation and energy surcharges as long as competitors do not have to bear similar costs
- 7. No "EU-topia". Europe must not again impose unilateral CO₂ reduction targets on itself which no one else in the world follows

THERE ARE SOLUTIONS FOR A WIN-WIN EU ENERGY AND CLIMATE POLICY WITHOUT DAMAGING EUROPE'S MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY



EUROFER - The European Steel Association Avenue de Cortenbergh, 172 B-1000 Brussels +32 2 738 79 20 www.eurofer.eu

